## Consolidated Drone/Balloon/Model/Unknown Object Report Sheet for UKAB Meeting on 11 September 2019

| Total | Risk A | Risk B | Risk C | Risk D | Risk E |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 15    | 6      | 3      | 6      | 0      | 0      |

| Airprox<br>Number | Date<br>Time<br>(UTC) | Aircraft<br>(Operator) | Object | Location<br>Description<br>Altitude                | Airspace<br>(Class) | Pilot/Controller Report<br>Reported Separation<br>Reported Risk   | Cause/Risk Statement   | ICAO<br>Risk |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|--|---------------------|---|--|--------------|
| 2019148           | 17 Jun 19<br>0920     | B787<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5128N 00014W<br>8NM E London<br>Heathrow<br>2600ft | London TMA<br>(A)   | The B787 pilot reports seeing a large white 'box-<br>like' drone of 'cuboid construction' whilst on final<br>approach to RW27L. It appeared to have an upper<br>and lower surface propeller but this may have been<br>an illusion. The drone was approximately 8nm from<br>the airfield almost exactly between the 2 runways at<br>around 2000ft agl.<br>Reported Separation: 200ft V/NK H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: Medium  | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.                      | с            |
| 2019149           | 16 Jun 19<br>1125     | A319<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5118N 00006E<br>BIG Hold<br>FL100                  | London TMA<br>(A)   | The A319 pilot reports that while holding at FL100<br>in the BIG hold, the aircraft immediately below<br>reported a sighting of a drone at his (the A319's)<br>level within the holding pattern. The drone was<br>clearly visible abeam his starboard wing at a range<br>of about 50ft. It was noted that the 'quad' designed<br>drone was able to hold an altitude of approximately<br>10,000ft even in a 50kt wind. Rather than continue<br>in the hold and turning towards the drone, he exited<br>the hold.<br><b>Reported Separation:</b> 0ft V/18m H<br><b>Reported Risk of Collision:</b> Low<br><b>The Swanwick controller</b> reports that an aircraft in<br>the BIG hold reported a drone passing over him,<br>about 300ft above. Approximately 2mins later the<br>A319 pilot reported that a drone had just passed<br>over his right wing, about 50ft above and requested<br>vectors away from the hold. | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where safety had been much reduced below the norm to the extent that safety had not been assured. | В            |

| Airprox<br>Number | Date<br>Time<br>(UTC) | Aircraft<br>(Operator) | Object | Location<br>Description<br>Altitude                  | Airspace<br>(Class)          | Pilot/Controller Report<br>Reported Separation<br>Reported Risk   | Cause/Risk Statement   | ICAO<br>Risk |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|--|------------------------------|---|--|--------------|
| 2019153           | 16 Jun 19<br>1445     | B737<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5356N 00146W<br>6nm RW14 Leeds<br>Bradford<br>2900ft | Leeds<br>Bradford CTR<br>(D) | The B737 pilot reports that he was 6nm on the ILS<br>RW14 passing 2900ft when the crew noticed a drone<br>flying past the aircraft on the Captain's side, it<br>missed the left wing-tip by a matter of metres. The<br>drone was orange and black.<br>Reported Separation: Oft V/few' m H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: High   | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where providence had played a major part in the incident and/or a definite risk of collision had existed. | A            |
| 2019155           | 22 Jun 19<br>1923     | A320<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5144N 00005W<br>BPK waypoint<br>6000ft               | London TMA<br>(A)            | <ul> <li>The A320 pilot reports that when abeam the BPK waypoint, initiating a climb from 6000ft, he saw a drone on his right-hand side, just below. The drone was round and black with red and green lights and was about 50cm in diameter.</li> <li>Reported Separation: 300ft V/ 100m H Reported Risk of Collision: Low</li> <li>The Swanwick Controller reports that at about 1924, the A320 climbing on departure reported a drone in the BPK area at about 6000ft.</li> </ul>   | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.                              | с            |
| 2019166           | 17 Jun 19<br>1308     | C180<br>(Civ FW)       | Drone  | 5146N 00001W<br>Hoddesdon<br>2100ft                  | Stansted CTA<br>(D) (TMZ)    | The C180 pilot reports in level cruise in receipt of a radar control service from Essex Radar when he saw an object in his peripheral vision in the right 2 o'clock position at a range of about 100m. He initially thought it was a bird but the passenger also saw it and confirmed that it was a dark coloured drone at exactly the same level. The pilot noted that this was a very high risk encounter because a slight difference in track laterally could have resulted in a collision.<br>Reported Separation: Oft V/100m H Reported Risk of Collision: Very High | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.                              | с            |

| Airprox<br>Number | Date<br>Time<br>(UTC) | Aircraft<br>(Operator) | Object  | Location<br>Description<br>Altitude         | Airspace<br>(Class) | Pilot/Controller Report<br>Reported Separation<br>Reported Risk   | Cause/Risk Statement   | ICAO<br>Risk |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|---|---------------------|---|--|--------------|
| 2019167           | 23 Jun 19<br>1205     | A319<br>(CAT)          | Balloon | 5128N 00047W<br>Heathrow Approach<br>3400ft | London TMA<br>(A)   | The A319 pilot reports that he was on a standard<br>arrival to Heathrow RW09. The First Officer and<br>Captain saw what looked like a large rectangular box<br>suspended by 3 balloons, orange and white in<br>colour. The preceding aircraft had reported seeing<br>the object but described it as a drone, however the<br>A319 crew were not sure it was a drone. Approach<br>mode was disengaged and an avoiding left bank was<br>made using autopilot. The approach was regained<br>after the event.<br><b>Reported Separation:</b> 10ft V/ 20m H<br><b>Reported Risk of Collision:</b> High<br><b>The Swanwick Controller</b> reports that a DH8<br>reported seeing a drone at 3000ft at 12nm final,<br>however the subsequent A319 pilot reported it as 3<br>large balloons carrying a box. | of the balloon.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 5<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's<br>overall account of the incident portrayed a<br>situation where providence had played a major | A            |

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|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| 2019168           | 27 Jun 19<br>1831     | A319<br>(CAT)          | Balloon | 5602N 00327W<br>Rosyth<br>8300ft    | Scottish TMA<br>(D) (TMZ) | The A319 pilot reports on departure, in the climb<br>approaching GOW30, when an unknown object,<br>apparently metallic and suspected to be a drone or<br>balloon, came within 20-50ft of aircraft and passed<br>down the left hand side. There were no signs of<br>collision and engine parameters were normal.<br>Object reported to ATC and subsequent aircraft kept<br>clear.<br>The Prestwick controller reports: At about FL100<br>the aircraft reported that they had flown in close<br>proximity to an unknown object. The subsequent<br>aircraft already working him was vectored off the SID<br>to the north. Further questioning revealed that [A319<br>C/S] had flown in close proximity to what they<br>thought was a silver balloon, that they hadn't come<br>into contact with the object and they were happy to<br>continue.<br>NATS Investigation: [A319 C/S] was following the<br>track of the GOSAM 1D SID when they reported that<br>they 'had just had an a AIRPROX with an unknown<br>object approximately two miles ago', to the Galloway<br>sector at Prestwick Centre. The controller missed<br>this message and asked for a repeat. [A319 C/S]<br>responded that they 'just had an unknown object just<br>pass off our left hand side. Very close proximity',<br>without mentioning that they considered this an<br>AIRPROX. When asked if they thought the object<br>were a drone or a balloon, the crew responded<br>'We're not sure. We think it may have been a<br>balloon. It looked a little bit metallic but might have<br>been one of those silver reflective ones'. A following<br>aircraft was advised of the sighting and vectored off<br>the SID. The location corresponded to Rosyth<br>dockyard, on the north bank of the Forth Estuary.<br>[A319 C/S] was passing FL83 at that point. Radar<br>analysis of MRT and Kincardine radars showed no<br>associated Primary returns +/- 30 minutes of the<br>time of the event (18:30:37). There are no published<br>radiosonde balloon launch sites in the area, and no<br>NOTAMs could be found for balloon launches in the<br>Scottish FIR on the date of the event.<br>Reported Separation: '20-50ft'<br>Reported Risk of Collision: Medium | balloons airborne in that area at that time and<br>date. The Board were therefore not able to<br>ascertain the origin of the balloon.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 5<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's<br>overall account of the incident portrayed a<br>situation where providence had played a major<br>part in the incident and/or a definite risk of | Α            |

| Airprox<br>Number | Date<br>Time<br>(UTC) | Aircraft<br>(Operator) | Object | Location<br>Description<br>Altitude     | Airspace<br>(Class) | Pilot/Controller Report<br>Reported Separation<br>Reported Risk  | Cause/Risk Statement   | ICAO<br>Risk |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|---|---------------------|--|--|--------------|
| 2019171           | 27 Jun 19<br>1752     | A319<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5131N 00019W<br>Wembley<br>3800ft       | London TMA<br>(A)   | The A319 pilot reports that on passing 4000ft on<br>departure from RW09R, a drone was spotted<br>operating to the south of Wembley at around 3500-<br>4000ft close to the departure track. No avoiding<br>action was required as the drone passed below and<br>to the left of the aircraft as it climbed.<br>Reported Separation: 200-400m H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: NK                             | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.  | С            |
| 2019172           | 23 Jun 19<br>0716     | B747<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5108N 00046W<br>7.5NM NW MID<br>10400ft | London TMA<br>(A)   | The B747 pilot reports in the descent when he saw<br>a large black circular object at a range of about 2nm.<br>As it passed the aircraft it was identified as a drone<br>with no lights or visible markings.<br>Reported Separation: Oft V/<0.5NM H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: High  | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.  | С            |
| 2019173           | 13 Jun 19<br>1123     | B737<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5150N 00036E<br>Stansted<br>FL110       | London TMA<br>(A)   | The B737 pilot reports he was departing Stansted<br>on a radar heading of 070°. On passing FL110 the<br>FO spotted a drone pass close to the left-hand side<br>of aircraft at the same height. It was difficult to judge<br>the distance, although it was close enough to see it<br>was square with legs. ATC were advised.<br>Reported Separation: Oft V/ Not known H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: High | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where providence had played a major part in the incident and/or a definite risk of collision had existed. | A            |

| Airprox<br>Number | Date<br>Time<br>(UTC) | Aircraft<br>(Operator) | Object | Location<br>Description<br>Altitude   | Airspace<br>(Class) | Pilot/Controller Report<br>Reported Separation<br>Reported Risk  | Cause/Risk Statement   | ICAO<br>Risk |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--------------|
| 2019174           | 30 Jun 19<br>1631     | CS100<br>(CAT)         | Drone  | 5131N 00001W<br>3NM WNW LCY<br>3000ft | London TMA<br>(A)   | The CS100 pilot reports departing from RW27 at<br>LCY when they encountered a drone. The drone was<br>at the right hand side and flying slightly higher. It was<br>a small black drone but it was close enough for him<br>to identify the 4 propellers. ATC were informed.<br>Reported Separation: NK<br>Reported Risk of Collision: NK  | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where providence had played a major part in the incident and/or a definite risk of collision had existed. | A            |
| 2019185           | 30 Jun 19<br>1220     | B777<br>(CAT)          | Drone  | 5128N 00015W<br>Barnes<br>2400ft      | London CTR<br>(D)   | The B777 pilot reports that at about 7NM on the ILS<br>to RW27R, P3 spotted a large black drone slightly to<br>the right at about ½nm. PM (the co-pilot) was<br>immediately made aware and saw the drone in the<br>right 1 o'clock position. ILS maintained as the drone<br>appeared to be parallel to the aircraft's track. P3 and<br>PM monitored the drone as it passed down the right<br>hand side. The drone appeared to be possibly in a<br>hover due to the slow passing speed. The approach<br>was continued, ATC were informed and a Police<br>statement given on arrival at the gate. The Captain<br>did not see the drone.<br>Reported Separation: 0ft V/100-200m H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: High | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where although safety had been reduced, there had been no risk of collision.                              | с            |

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|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|--|------------------------|---|--|--------------|
| 2019186           | 04 Jul 19<br>1600     | Avro RJ<br>(MoD<br>ATEC) | Drone  | 5109N 00145W<br>Boscombe Down<br>400ft | Boscombe<br>ATZ<br>(G) | <ul> <li>The Avro RJ pilot reports that he was established on a PAR to RW05. At 1nm and 400ft agl, the PNF observed a small object just above the aircraft for only a split second. The approach was continued to a touch and go for further PAR. On climb-out he reported an Airprox with an unknown object, believed to be a drone, to ATC. Shortly afterwards the App Controller reported that drone activity was spotted near a local golf club and hotel by the Runway Caravan Controller.</li> <li>Reported Separation: 50-100ft V Reported Risk of Collision: Medium</li> <li>The Boscombe Talkdown Controller reports that the talkdown was uneventful and he was not aware of the drone.</li> <li>The Boscombe Supervisor reports that after the RJ pilot reported the drone the Caravan Controller was asked to conduct a visual inspection of the approach lane. He observed a drone overhead the golf course, which then descended and landed in a field obscured by trees. Operations were informed, they spoke to the golf club, who were not aware of any activity.</li> </ul> | The reported drone was being flown within the<br>lateral and vertical limits of an FRZ and within the<br>ATZ such that it was endangering other aircraft<br>at that location.<br>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 3, 4, 6<br>Risk: The Board considered that the pilot's<br>overall account of the incident portrayed a<br>situation where safety had been much reduced<br>below the norm to the extent that safety had not<br>been assured.            | В            |
| 2019189           | 03 Jul 19<br>1631     | В777<br>(САТ)            | Drone  | 5129N 00042W<br>Fifield<br>2500ft      | London CTR<br>(D)      | The B777 pilot reports on final approach when he<br>saw a flash of sunlight glint off something shiny<br>directly ahead and just below the aircraft. His initial<br>observation was it could be a shiny silver helium<br>balloon. He called it out to the co-pilot and 'Heavy'<br>co-pilot. It passed under the nose with no obvious<br>velocity itself, but as they were passing it at 160Kts<br>that was to be expected. It was seen to be a drone<br>in the last second of view as the dazzle of sunshine<br>off it faded. Had it been at our height there would<br>have been insufficient time to manoeuvre to avoid.<br>Reported Separation: 100ftV/0m H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: High   | The reported drone was being flown above the maximum permitted height of 400ft and within controlled airspace such that it was endangering other aircraft at that location.<br><b>Applicable Contributory Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6</b><br><b>Risk:</b> The Board considered that the pilot's overall account of the incident portrayed a situation where providence had played a major part in the incident and/or a definite risk of collision had existed. | А            |

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|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|
| 2019200           | 18 Jul 19<br>1852     | Saab 340<br>(CAT)      | Balloon | 5344N 00206W<br>Abeam POL<br>FL140  | Manchester<br>TMA<br>(A) | The Saab 340 pilot reports that he was abeam Pole<br>Hill at FL140 routing north when he saw a dark round<br>object coming towards them. As it got closer they<br>realised it was a weather balloon, it passed below<br>and slightly right of the aircraft; the closing speed<br>was quite high, and the object passed them before<br>they could react. It was a semi-inflated grey or black<br>balloon, with an elliptical appearance when viewed<br>from the front and pear shaped when observed from<br>above. He estimated it was 1m wide and 3m long.<br>Reported Separation: 50ft V/ 50m H<br>Reported Risk of Collision: Medium<br>A NATS investigation found that at 1852 the pilot<br>reported seeing a black balloon to the controller. He<br>reported it as being '4 times the size of the football'<br>and it went in the opposite direction just below the<br>right engine. A review of the radar showed a few<br>intermittent primary returns just before and just after<br>the time of the event, but that the returns could not<br>be conclusively identified as the balloon.<br>The Met office reported that there were no Met<br>office balloons in the air at that time, furthermore the<br>position was some way from any of their release<br>sites. |                      | В            |

## Relevant Contributory Factor (CF) Table

| CF | Factor  | Description  | Amplification   | Notes  |
|----|---|--|---|--|
|    | Flight Elements                                     |  |   |  |
|    | • Regulations, Pro                                  | ocesses, Procedures and Compliance                 |   |  |
| 1  | Human Factors • Flight Crew ATM Procedure Deviation |  | Regulations/procedures not complied with                        | The drone operator did not comply with regulations due to flying above 400ft and/or in controlled airspace/FRZ without clearance |
|    | • Tactical Plannin                                  | g and Execution                                    |   |  |
| 2  | Human Factors                                       | Action Performed Incorrectly                       | Incorrect or ineffective execution                              | The drone operator was flying above 400ft without clearance.   |
| 3  | Human Factors                                       | Airspace Infringement                              |   | The drone pilot was flying in controlled airspace/FRZ without clearance.   |
|    | Situational Awa                                     | reness of the Conflicting Aircraft and Action      |   |  |
| 4  | Contextual  | Situational Awareness and Sensory Events           | Pilot had no, or only generic, or late Situational<br>Awareness | The pilot and drone operator had no, or only generic, situational awareness about each other.                                    |
|    | • See and Avoid                                     |  |   |  |
| 5  | Contextual  | Near Airborne Collision with Other Airborne Object | A conflict in the FIR   | An Airprox involving an unknown object or balloon.   |
| 6  | Contextual  | Near Airborne Collision with RPAS                  | A conflict in the FIR   | An Airprox involving a drone or model aircraft.  |